

ENVOY WILSON DEFIES BRYAN

Says Del Valle's Mission
Should Be Investigated
by Senate.

UPHOLDS GEN. HUERTA
Secretary of State's Private
Ambassador to Mexico
Is Received First.

DETAILED REPORT READY

California Senator Will Discuss
Situation at White House
To-morrow.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—With the atmosphere here charged with the feeling that this Government is about to pass through a crisis in its Mexican relations, Washington suddenly discovered to-day that two envoys from the southern republic instead of one are making exhaustive reports to Secretary of State Bryan. Upon one of these the Administration is expected to shape its course toward the Mexican situation.

The presence of these two ambassadors, one official and one unofficial, each taking turns at the ear of Secretary Bryan, has created a situation without parallel in American diplomacy. Washington had expected the arrival this morning of Henry Lane Wilson, United States Ambassador to Mexico. Mr. Wilson arrived and proceeded to draw up for Secretary Bryan a long report on conditions in Mexico for the last three years. This report formed the subject of a two hour conference between him and the Secretary of State this afternoon.

The appearance on the scene of the other ambassador to Mexico, however, in the person of Reginald F. Del Valle, practically on the heels of Henry Lane Wilson, but not being generally anticipated, had Mr. Del Valle come to New York on the same steamship as Mr. Wilson.

Washington on the same train with him and actually preceded the Ambassador in conference with the Secretary of State this morning. This afternoon he had a long conference with Mr. Bryan again.

Del Valle sought Wilson's Place.
It became definitely known this afternoon that Mr. Del Valle, who is a member of the California Senate and has been for fifteen years friend and admirer of the present Secretary of State, having been an "original Bryan man," was sent to Mexico to gather information for the Administration as to conditions down there. This most unusual assignment in the fields of diplomacy followed his failure to get an appointment as Ambassador to Mexico, succeeding Henry Lane Wilson, which he sought from his friend Mr. Bryan.

It was disclosed to-day that it was at the Secretary's direction that Senator Del Valle went to Mexico city and while there operated almost under the nose of the United States Ambassador.

When Ambassador Wilson was summoned back to Washington Del Valle followed. There is reason to believe that he received a summons at the same time as the Ambassador, for though Wilson left very hurriedly Del Valle was right at his heels. To-night Secretary Bryan has before him reports presented by both men for purposes of comparison, from the official Ambassador and the other from his personal representative.

That this one fact of Del Valle's mission in Mexico city is likely to lead to an open break between Ambassador Wilson and the Administration was clearly indicated to-day. The Ambassador showed plainly his resentment at the action of the Secretary of State. He complained that not only Del Valle but William Bayard Hale, magazine writer, had been sent to Mexico city, each equipped with a copy of the official code book of the State Department. One of the two, the Ambassador said, had asked an assistant at the embassy to help him use the code book. This code book is supposed to be used carefully by all officials of the Department.

Ambassador Wilson said to-day that he thought the matter was one for investigation by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. This statement on the part of the Ambassador is regarded here as a direct challenge to the President and Secretary Bryan, which hardly can be ignored.

Bryan Silent on Subject.

Secretary Bryan to-day refused to comment on this statement of the Ambassador and declined to say whether Del Valle had received a copy of the Departmental secret code book.

The Bryan ambassador to Mexico is a short, stout man with white hair and mustache and a grandfatherly appearance. He is a descendant of a Mexican family living in California when that region was annexed from Mexico by the United States. For years his practice as a lawyer has brought him into touch with Mexican affairs, though until his recent mission for the Secretary of State he had never been to Mexico.

Conspicuous among the furnishings of Senator Del Valle's room at his hotel, when seen this afternoon by THE SUN correspondent, was one of the black dispatch boxes used by the State Department. It was also observed that a handbag in the room was marked with a "B" and not with the Californian's initial.

Senator Del Valle declined to discuss the nature of the report he was making to Mr. Bryan, but intimated that he is strongly in favor of the United States doing something to restore the rule of law and order in Mexico in order that the development of the country's resources might go forward.

From another source, however, it is understood that one of his recommendations is that the embassy in Mexico city

Continued on Third Page.

FEDERALS SHOOT U. S. OFFICIAL

Immigration Inspector Badly Wounded by Huerta's Soldiers.
El Paso, Tex., July 26.—United States Immigration Inspector Charles B. Dixon was shot and perhaps fatally wounded this afternoon in Juarez by a squad of Mexican Federal soldiers.

Inspector Dixon had gone to Juarez to investigate a white slave case. While he was talking with a negro a squad of drunken soldiers from the Juarez barracks arrested him and started toward the foothills south of the town. It is said that Dixon, fearing the men were going to kill him because they thought him a United States officer with his olive drab uniform, started to run down an alley on the outskirts of the town. The soldiers permitted him to run for a short distance, when they opened fire on him, shooting him through the back.

Dr. Tappan, United States Immigration Surgeon, was called to Juarez to attend Dixon and an effort will be made through the Mexican Consul to get him back to El Paso. Dixon made a statement to the United States officials who went to Juarez to investigate his shooting. He said he offered to go to the commander's quarters with the soldiers, but instead they dragged him toward the outskirts of the town.

Dixon's wound was through the small of the back and the bullet passed through his stomach. His wound is considered very serious.

Dixon was transferred to El Paso from the San Diego Immigration station. He is a native of Texas, having been born in Huntshire, Tex. His father now lives in Wharton, Tex. Just after the shooting, when F. W. Berkshire, supervisor of immigration for the United States on the Mexican border, went to Juarez to look into the affair, accompanied by Inspector Clarence Hatley, they were both jailed for a short time, but were released.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The State Department has not yet received any official report on the shooting of Charles B. Dixon, United States Immigration Inspector, by Federal forces at Juarez, Mexico, this afternoon. A telegram has been sent to the Consul at Juarez calling on him for a detailed account of the affair.

"It looks like a serious case," said Secretary Bryan when told of the shooting. "We will do whatever is necessary."

BRADY DEATH DUTIES \$1,000,000.

Great Britain to Reap That Sum From Financier's Estate.
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, July 26.—Friends of Anthony N. Brady, the financier who died here last Tuesday night, say that Great Britain will reap \$1,000,000 in death duties on his holdings of British American Tobacco Company shares.

POLICEMAN SHOT IN RACE RIOT.

Fifty Negroes Fight Like Number of Whites in Brooklyn.
A race riot in which fifty negroes and about the same number of whites, including a dozen policemen, had a hand at Prince street and Myrtle avenue in Brooklyn's black belt, last night resulted in the shooting of one of the policemen, William McCree of the Adams street station. The bullet caught McCree in the left leg just above the knee.

Policeman O'Connor had two negroes who were singing and shouting on the corner at 11:30 o'clock to move on and make less noise. They began to pound him, and Joseph Bard, a special policeman, jumped off a Myrtle avenue car and went to O'Connor's defence.

More negroes appeared, and somebody telephoned for the reserves.

Other white men joined the fight. When O'Connor toppled over the negroes broke and ran. Pursuing policemen caught two, Angus Rogers and Alfred Butler.

TO HAVE HONEYMOON IN BRAZIL.

Two Bridal Couples, One Married in Haste, Sail Away.
Two bridal couples departed yesterday for Brazil by the Lamport and Holt liner Verdi. They are H. A. Sidorsky, an electrical engineer of the Tidewater Light and Power Company of Brazil, who was married in the morning to Miss Grace Howe of this city in the New York office of the company at 115 Broadway, and Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Blumenthal, who were married three days ago at Delmonico's.

Mr. Sidorsky came here to spend some time with his fiancée before getting married, but a hurry order from his company forced him to leave by the Verdi. Miss Howe consented to a hasty marriage.

KING RECEIVES SCOTT PARTY.

Explorers Get Medals—Lady Scott and Mrs. Wilson Honored.
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, July 26.—King George received fifty members of the Scott Antarctic expedition at Buckingham Palace to-day and pinned medals on the breasts of the survivors.

Lady Scott, widow of Capt. Scott, and Mrs. Wilson, widow of Dr. Wilson, received medals on behalf of their husbands.

MRS. SAGE AIDS CITY HORSES.

\$1,000 Gift Will Make More Fountains Possible.
More watering places for horses in New York city will be established as a result of a gift of \$1,000 by Mrs. Russell Sage to the New York Women's League for Animals. The work of the league, of which Mrs. James Speyer is president, consists of maintaining a free dispensary, educating children to treat animals in a humane way, distributing literature and merciful bits and maintaining receiving shelters in the public parks. It has a work horse parade every year.

PREACHERS FOR LEGISLATURE.

Jersey Progressives Pick One for Senate and One for Assembly.
SALEM, N. J., July 26.—The Progressives of Salem county in session at Woodstown indorsed Joel Borton, a Quaker preacher, for the State Senate and the Rev. Dr. C. I. Ramsey of Penns Grove for the Assembly. Former Mayor Fred A. Gontoulo of Penns Grove was selected for member of the State executive committee.

RAILROADS END ALL CHANCES OF STRIKE

Withdraw Demand That Eight Grievances Go to Arbitrators.

CALL IT DUTY TO PUBLIC

Trainmen Name Men to Act for Them—Eight to Serve on Board.

The Eastern railroads withdrew yesterday the eight grievances which they had insisted should be embodied in the arbitration agreement with the trainmen and conductors. This action averted any possibility of a strike.

The representatives of the trainmen had fought for the elimination of any propositions except the original demands of the employees.

Two days ago it was thought that there would be a compromise, that the railroads would be willing to withdraw some of their grievances and that the representatives of the employees would accept the rest.

In a letter to the Government mediators on Thursday, however, A. B. Garretson, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, and W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, made it plain that their position in declining arbitration if any points except the demands of the trainmen and conductors were included was unchanged.

The surrender of the railroads came in a letter from Elisha Lee, as chairman of the managers' committee, to Judge William Lee Chambers, chairman, and G. W. W. Hanzar and Judge Martin A. Knapp, members of the board of mediation and conciliation appointed under the Newlands amendment to the Erdman act.

OLD COUPLE ALLAY ELLIS ISLAND FEARS

Prove Right of Entry Into United States, Though Not Citizens.

MAN VOTES, HOWEVER

Has Been in Michigan Half a Century and Will Stay There.

Mr. and Mrs. August Arndt, each 86, arrived yesterday in the second cabin of the Hamburg-American liner Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, bound for their home in Saginaw, Mich. They seemed somewhat feeble. Mr. Arndt, who has lived here since 1857, never was naturalized. They were taken to Ellis Island, to their tearful dismay, and a board of special inquiry got to work on them. They speak English with hardly perceptible accent, which was in their favor, and an interpreter was not necessary to convince the board that the old couple should be permitted to go on their way.

The wife did most of the talking, as tradition has many wives do, but the old fellow put in an appropriate word here and there that helped their case. Mrs. Arndt said she came from Bavaria in 1850 in a sailing vessel, and it took her more than forty days to get across the Atlantic from a German port. She was seafish most of the way and later homesick.

Civil War Ruined Them.

She went out into the Michigan wilds and was just thinking about returning to Germany when, in 1857, she met her August, and they were married. That was near Saginaw, or the site of Saginaw, and they prospered until the civil war came. Then they lost everything. They retrieved their fortunes by going into the hotel business. About two months ago they decided to take a look at their old homes in Germany.

The old couple were much disappointed with the aspect of Germany. Nearly all their old friends were dead and those left did not look like the memory of them stored in the minds of the Michigan pioneers. The faces in the old towns were mostly new faces of unfamiliar expression. Mr. and Mrs. Arndt felt like a pair of ghosts from the village graveyards. They had become Americanized. They decided that they had made a mistake going back and decided to stay in New York on the first liner they could catch.

Is Citizen of Michigan.

The old fellow admitted that he had never become a citizen of the United States, but that he had been for a long time a voter in the State of Michigan and that he had helped to elect some of the "greatest Presidents of the United States." It was found that the Constitution of Michigan permits an alien who declared his intention of becoming a citizen two years and six months prior to November 8, 1894, to vote for New York.

Matters of Record.

The final letter to the Government mediators from the heads of the trainmen and conductors' organizations and the letter of yesterday from Elisha Lee waiving the consideration of the railroads' eight grievances are to supersede as matters of record all other correspondence on these points.

When a minimum day's wage is paid in any class of service it shall entitle the railroad to the full mileage or hours of service paid for.

In no case shall double compensation be paid.

For failing the basis of compensation, i. e. whether passenger, through or local freight, yard, etc., the same classification shall be applied to all members of the train crew.

All monthly guarantees shall be abolished.

That consideration be given to a reduction of existing rates of pay of yard brakemen and of passenger conductors and trainmen on long continued runs, where there is an opportunity to make excessive mileage in a limited number of hours.

Employment in two or more classes of service on continuous duty or under continuous pay shall be paid the rates applicable to the different services performed with a minimum equal to ten (10) hours at the lowest paid service.

On passenger and freight trains where under extra crew laws additional men are required, the rate of

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THE SUN TO-DAY

CONSISTS OF SEVEN SECTIONS, AS FOLLOWS:

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FIRST—General News	12
SECOND—Sporting	8
THIRD—Summer Resorts	8
FOURTH—Pictorial Magazine	16
FIFTH—Fiction Magazine	12
SIXTH—Foreign, Fashions, Books, Queries, Problems	8
SEVENTH—Special Features, Drama, Schools, Real Estate, Financial, Poultry	12
Total	76

Readers or newsdealers who do not receive all of these sections will confer a favor on "The Sun" by notifying the Publication Department at once by the phone (2200 Beekman), and the missing sections will be promptly forwarded, if possible.

NEW PLOT TO BURN SING SING IS FOILED

Warden Finds Pile of Rubbish All Ready for Match to Be Applied.

KENNEDY VISITS PRISON

Convicts Leaving Yesterday Said More Trouble Was Coming To-day.

OSWING, July 26.—The fourth attempt to destroy Sing Sing prison by fire within five days was discovered by Warden Clancy at 6 o'clock to-night. The warden was investigating the "escape" of Schoenherr, the convict who disappeared a week ago yesterday and was found Friday in the hollow ceiling of the knitting factory. The knitting gang is locked up in the cell house and the factory was supposed to be locked up tight.

When the warden entered he found a big heap of kindling wood and inflammable rubbish stacked up on the west side of the shop. Kerosene oil in liberal amounts had been poured over the pile, and the whole thing was waiting only for the touch of a match. The pile was near the ladder which leads to the hollow ceiling where Schoenherr was found.

The warden set out immediately on another investigation to learn if possible who was to have started the blaze and who were implicated in the plot, but late to-night he had not been able to get any information of any value.

Schoenherr was put through a vigorous questioning, but, although admitting knowledge of the general plot against Sing Sing and its warden, declared that he would never "squeal." "I am no squealer," he said. "I was told what I was to do and I know what the others were to do, but I'm not telling anything. I'm up against fifteen years now and nothing on earth is going to make me squeal."

All Confusion Again.

The newest attempt to burn the prison has thrown the whole situation into confusion again and the warden and his men do not know what to expect next. Warden Clancy is continuing his inquiry, adding each new incident to the list as fast as it occurs, and is keeping a close eye on all sides to anticipate so far as possible the next attack.

The third attempt to burn the prison was made this morning when a fire started in one of the cells in the cell block. The first attempt was made on Tuesday when \$200,000 damage was done, and the second on Thursday when a mattress was set afire in the clothing factory. This blaze was put out in five minutes.

Warden Clancy would not say to-night whether the second draft of convicts would be sent to Auburn to-day or not.

Further trouble is expected when the draft is made and the warden, as on the occasion of the first draft, is keeping his own council as to time and the men who are to go. It is expected that about sixty-five men will go in the second detachment whenever the order comes.

Clancy Glad to See Him.

Warden Clancy was very well pleased. It did not appear that he had sought the meeting with Kennedy, for whom the convicts have been waiting, or whether the initiative came from the other side.

George Jenkins said he was not in sympathy with the act of his brother, Town Supervisor John F. Jenkins, in stationing naval militiamen in the village streets on Thursday night or in having national guardsmen ready to motor madly to Oswining "when the jail break comes."

Supervisor Jenkins did not apologize for his act. He said: "I see by the papers to-day that Warden Clancy says he did not want the militia called out. There was no suggestion on my part that he did. In view of the condition of absolute loss of control over the convicts in Sing Sing prison, which existed to the knowledge of every one conversant with affairs there, the action taken in arranging to have a military break out in case of an attempt to break out of prison was simply a reasonable measure of precaution for the protection of the lives and property and perhaps the women of Oswining should those beasts break out of prison."

TOO GOOD FOR CONTRACTOR.

Interborough Plan Meant Several Millions Profit Without Risk.
There was no expectation yesterday that the Public Service Commission will approve the contract proposed by the Interborough for the construction of the extensions of the elevated lines in Manhattan and The Bronx.

The Interborough asked the commission for the right to give the contract to John F. Stevens, who had put up for public bidding and allowing Stevens 10 or 15 per cent. above the cost of construction. Such an arrangement would have meant a profit of from \$2,500,000 to \$3,750,000 without risk to the contractor.

It was said yesterday at the offices of the commission that the Interborough's request, in so far as the extensions are concerned, will be turned down, but that the company might perhaps contract with whom it pleases for the construction of the third tracks. These are regarded as additions to the present plan.

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ATTACKS PORTUGUESE PREMIER

Man Jumps on Step of Auto Brandishing a Knife.
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
LISBON, July 26.—Premier Affonso Costa had a narrow escape from assassination this afternoon while motoring at Santarem.

RACECOURSE NEAR NEWPORT.

Mayer's Will Leaves 40 Acres to Middletown for Track.
NEWPORT, July 26.—Newport may have a race track located near by in the town of Middletown if the town is willing to accept the terms of the will of William H. Mayer, who died suddenly last April. Though his will has not yet been probated it was learned to-day that in it he provided for his farm of forty-six acres being transferred to the town for the establishment of a race track. Mr. Mayer owned many fast horses and always regretted that there was no track here.

STOLEN PEARLS FOR DUCHESS?

Report Necklace Was to Have Been for Prince Arthur's Bride.
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, July 27.—The Observer prints with reserve a rumor that the \$75,000 pearl necklace which was stolen from a package in the registered mail somewhere between Paris and London was to have been submitted to the Princess Royal for examination as a wedding present to her daughter, the Duchess of Ede, when she becomes the bride of Prince Arthur of Connaught.

MAKES NEW AVIATION RECORD.

Frank Burnside Reaches Height of 12,980 Feet at Bath, N. Y.
BATH, N. Y., July 26.—Frank Burnside of Ossining, N. Y., raised the record of the American altitude record of 11,650 feet, as made by Lincoln Beachey at Chicago in 1911. Burnside reached a height of 12,980 feet. He operated a Thomas headless biplane and was in the air from 4:29 until 6:15 o'clock.

SEEING THINGS AT NIGHT.

Paris Rubbers Steal Purse From Under Diaphanous Skirt.
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
PARIS, July 26.—It seems to be dangerous for women to wear diaphanous skirts on the streets of Paris even at night.

A handsome blond woman with cherry lips was crossing the Place de l'Opera to-night when she was suddenly stopped by two thieves. Although she was not wearing a slashed skirt, they promptly relieved her of a bag which was attached to her waist under her skirt, but which was visible, however, through the transparent material of the dress.

The woman shrieked and a crowd of toughs gathered. They thought it was some kind of a practical joke and allowed the robbers to escape with their booty. The bag contained a purse, several rings and some valuable papers.

MARSHALL TALKS OF DOLLARS.

Says Americans Squeeze Them Too Tightly.
CHICAGO, July 26.—The "get rich quick" ambition was the target for criticism by Vice-President Marshall, who in an address before the Loyal Order of Moose to-night said:

"The trouble with Americans is that they squeeze the dollar so tightly that they should be arrested for taking indecent liberties with the Goddess of Liberty."

The highest citizenship, according to the Vice-President, is developed in the man who tries to live up to the Christ standard.

"FORT" LANNES MAY GIVE UP.

Cochon's Proteses in Paris Tire of the Siege.
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
PARIS, July 26.—The prisoners at "Fort" Lannes, as the mansion of the Count and Countess Antoine de la Rocheffoucauld on the Boulevard Lannes, where eight families of homeless poor have been sheltered, is called, are becoming weary of the siege of that place, which shows no sign of ending.

The Count and Countess turned the mansion over to M. Cochon, the friend of all poor French people, and eight families moved in last Sunday. It is said that the Count and Countess had a grievance against the landlord and that this was the reason for their philanthropy. The landlord later on secured an order of eviction from a Magistrate, but the inmates of "Fort" Lannes refused to leave and a regular siege by the police was started.

Count de la Rocheffoucauld has now promised to build some cheap houses for the use of the proteges of M. Cochon. The authorities have as yet taken no steps looking to the forcible removal of the tenants of the mansion.

MISS EUSTIS TO BE MISSIONARY.

Daughter of Service Commissioner Sails for Brazil.
Miss Helen F. Eustis, daughter of Public Service Commissioner Eustis, sailed yesterday by the Lambert & Holt liner Verdi to become a missionary in the interior of Brazil.

She is sent out by the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions and will be secretary of the boarding school connected with the Mackenzie College at Sao Paulo. Thirty of her young friends in The Bronx and her mother and father saw her off.

20 DEAD IN DANISH WRECK.

Emigrants Coming to American Victims of Train Accident.
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
COPENHAGEN, July 26.—An express train crowded with emigrants bound for America was wrecked to-day at Esbjerg, a seaport on the North Sea, and twenty persons, including a Danish Deputy, were killed.

Many others were seriously injured.

EVANS' ALE at Grocers, Druggists, Liquor Dealers. Wholesale and Retail.

STATE MUDDLE GROWS WORSE

Open Threats to Impeach Sulzer, Who Wants Murphy Indicted.

"CHAOS," SAYS BARNES

Declares State Government Is a Laughing Stock and Farce.

SULZER RAILS AT GLYNN

By Proxy He Calls the Lieutenant-Governor an "Ego-maniac."

The dispute between Gov. Sulzer and Charles F. Murphy reached a crisis yesterday. The impeachment of the Governor is threatened openly. The Governor replies that Murphy is to blame for everything. The condition of chaos is unique in the history of this State.

The Frawley legislative committee, which has been investigating the conduct of the Governor before and after he entered office, promises to bring forward proof that the Governor received and spent campaign contributions which he did not report to the Secretary of State in his official return of campaign expenditures. If the committee establishes its case the Governor will be found guilty of a criminal offence and his impeachment will follow.

Mr. Sulzer in an interview says that the whole trouble with the State administration is Charles F. Murphy. Mr. Sulzer is said to have tried to induce District Attorney Whitman to cause the indictment of Mr. Murphy on the charge of conspiracy, or "for anything else," which the Governor is quoted as saying.

Gov. Sulzer emphatically denied late last night that he had held such a conversation with Mr. Whitman.

William Barnes, chairman of the Republican State Committee, at 10:15 moment an acute but disinterested spectator, told THE SUN yesterday that the entire administration of the State is demoralized; that there has been riotous appropriation of State money with no results; that the government of the State is paralyzed and has become a laughing stock of the nation. Mr. Barnes laid the chaotic condition to the factional fight between Sulzer and Murphy for the control of the Democratic party in this State.

Gov. Sulzer, who was described on Friday by Lieut.-Gov. Martin H. Glynn as the prince of liars, replied yesterday through his secretary that Mr. Glynn was the chief of "ego-maniacs" and that the Lieutenant-Governor's interest in impeachment plans was clearly owing to his desire to succeed to the Governorship, which he would do in the event of Mr. Sulzer's ouster.

CHAOS EXISTS, SAYS BARNES.

Declares State Government Is a Laughing Stock.
William Barnes, chairman of the Republican State Committee, described for THE SUN yesterday the conditions of administration at Albany and told what he thought of the dispute between Gov. Sulzer and Charles F. Murphy.

Mr. Barnes spoke as an interested outsider. He ascribed the disinterested administration as chaos and the difference between Mr. Murphy and the Governor as a struggle for political control of the Democratic party in this State. He prophesied that the people of New York will demand in Mr. Sulzer's successor a man "who does not have to say he is boss."

Mr. Barnes was asked to say what he thought about present conditions. He said:

"The disorder and demoralization which now pervade the entire administration of public affairs in the State of New York are deplorable and must be a source of humiliation to every citizen of the State."

"What is this disorder?" Mr. Barnes was asked.

"It is the collapse of administration due to a strife for factional control of the Democratic party, where individual interests have become superior to the performance of public duty," Mr. Barnes replied. "The Public Service Commission for the second district, the Labor Department, the Prison Department are disorganized; public officials of all kinds are being asked where they stand and if they do not stand with the Governor are subject to dismissal. It is a petty, cheap and unwholesome situation."

"It must not be forgotten either that although now the Democratic Legislature and the Governor are at swords points they did unite for the passage of unnecessary and expensive legislation. Take the bureau of efficiency and economy, which, so far as any one knows, has accomplished nothing and has an appropriation of \$214,881. Other new commissions have been created this year at an expense of more than \$700,000, although Gov. Sulzer, in his annual message, advocated consolidation and abolishment of useless commissions."

New Places Created.

"Two hundred and thirty-one new places have been created by statute, exempt from the civil service, with an annual payroll of \$443,750; \$25,000 has been voted, for example, to investigate the question of giving free textbooks to school children, whereas it is purely a matter of public policy whether it shall be done or not and requires no investigation."

"In his first annual message Gov. Sulzer advocated reduction in the expenditures of the State and appointed a committee of inquiry into the State's expenditures. The Legislature, however, passed bills increasing the expenditures of last year about \$7,000,000, and the Governor signed enough of them to increase them."

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